### Oral 1

## **Disease Concept**

O1-1 Is there a Caucasian phenotype of Moyamoya Angiopathy or is there not? And what can experts learn from each other?

Neurology, Alfried Krupp Hospital, Germany / Neurology, Heinrich Heine University, Germany

Markus Kraemer

01-2 Moyamoya angiopathy: from puff of smoke to air-dancer

Department of Neurosurgery, Sree Chitra Tirunal Institute for Medical Sciences and Technology, Trivandrum, Kerala State, India

Bhanu Jayanand Sudhir

#### Oral 2

#### Basic Research

Impact of *RNF213* founder polymorphism (p.R4810K) on the postoperative indirect bypass development after combined revascularization for adult Moyamoya disease

Department of Neurosurgery, Hokkaido University, Japan

Masaki Ito

Genome-Wide Association Study of Intracranial Artery Stenosis and Phenome-Wide Association Study of RNF213 p.Arg4810Lys

Department of Neurosurgery, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan

Satoru Miyawaki

Comparing the Transcriptome Profile of the Middle Cerebral Artery between the *RNF213* genotypes in the Patients with Moyamoya disease

Department of Neurosurgery, Nagoya University Graduate School of Medicine, Nagoya, Japan

Fumiaki Kanamori

The clinical utility of the *RNF213* founder variant (rs112735431) in the management of patients with moyamoya disease

Department of Neurosurgery, Tohoku University, Sendai, Japan /

Department of Neurosurgery, Kohnan Hospital, Sendai, Miyagi, Japan

Ryosuke Tashiro

Moyamoya disease-specific extracellular vesicle-derived microRNAs in the cerebrospinal fluid as revealed by comprehensive expression analysis through microRNA sequencing

Department of Neurosurgery, Nagoya University Hospital, Japan

Kinya Yokoyama

# Oral 3

## Diagnostic Imaging

O3-1 A novel hyperspectral imaging system for intraoperative prediction of cerebral hyperperfusion syndrome after superficial temporal artery-middle cerebral artery anastomosis in patients with moyamoya disease

Department of Neurosurgery, Kyushu University, Japan

Katsuma Iwaki

O3-2 Analysis of vascular perfusion territory in patients with Moyamoya disease before and after revascularization surgery using selective intra-arterial injection CTA

Department of Neurosurgery, University of Yamanashi, Japan

Toru Tateoka

O3-3 Importance of anastomotic site to prevent future hemorrhage in moyamoya disease

Department of Neurosurgery, National Cerebral and Cardiovascular Center, Japan

Saya Ozaki

O3-4 Iodine-123-Iomazenil SPECT revealed recovery of neuronal viability in association with improvement of cognitive dysfunction after Revascularization in Moyamoya Disease

Department of Neurosurgery, University of Yamanashi, Japan

Hideyuki Yoshioka

### Oral 4

# Surgical Treatment

Postoperative stroke and neurological outcomes in the early phase after revascularization surgeries for moyamoya disease

Department of Neurosurgery, Nagoya University Graduate School of Medicine, Nagoya, Japan

Yoshio Araki

O4-2 The effects and limitation of revascularization surgery for preventing mid-long term cerebrovascular events

Department of Neurosurgery, National Cerebral and Cardiovascular Center, Osaka, Japan

Eika Hamano

O4-3 The Effect of Occipital Artery-posterior Cerebral Artery Bypass on Visual Disturbance After Occipital Lobe Infarction

Department of Neurosurgery, Aviation General Hospital of China Medical University, China

Hongyan Han

#### **WINC MOYAMOYA 2022**

Unexpected intraoperative graft occlusion of STA-MCA anastomosis in patients with moyamoya disease: possible causes and remedies

Department of Neurosurgery, Kobe University Graduate School of Medicine, Japan

Hidehito Kimura

## Oral 5

## Perioperative Managements

Preventional effect of inhalational anesthesia on transient neurological events after revascularization surgery for Moyamoya disease

Department of Neurosurgery, Kumamoto University Hospital, Japan

Yasuyuki Kaku

O5-2 Cerebrovascular events in the contralateral hemisphere during the perioperative period of cerebral revascularization surgery for moyamoya disease

Department of Neurosurgery, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan

Satoru Miyawaki

Pulsatility index in the middle cerebral artery predicting infarction after bypass surgery in adult moyamoya disease

Department of Neurosurgery, the First Affiliated Hospital of Kunming Medical University, China

Zhiwei Tang

05-4 Withdrawal